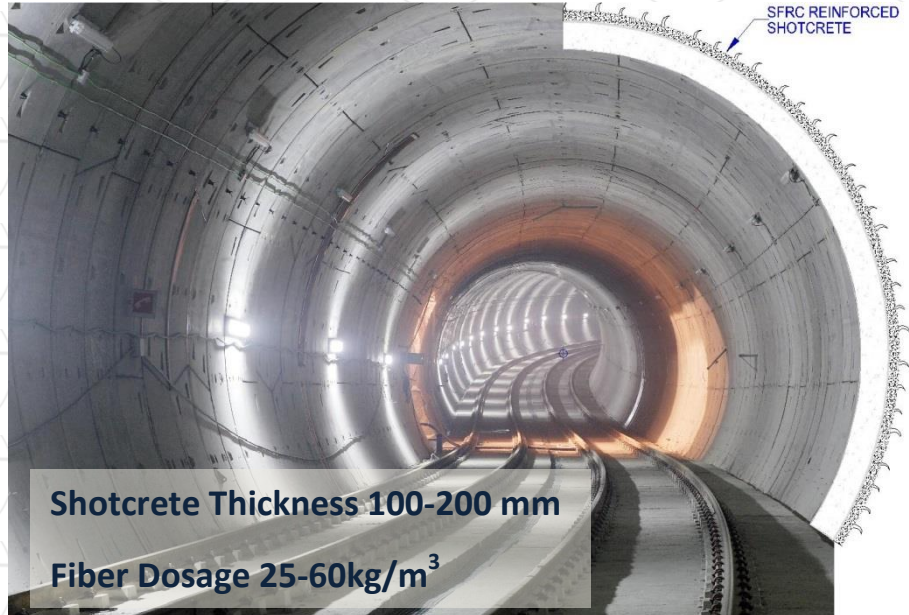


# Steel Fiber Solutions for Shotcrete

Steel Fiber Reinforced Concrete (SFRC) provides several advantages in terms of structural performance, construction practicality, speed of construction and cost reduction over conventional reinforced concrete.



**ZSN 0.50x30,35**

**ZSN 0.55x30,35**

**ZSN 0.60x30,35**

## Structural Advantages

- improves performance of concrete section under direct tension, flexure, shear and torsion
- increases fatigue endurance and impact resistance
- improves crack resistance
- random distribution throughout concrete mix

## Performance

- improves ductility of concrete under loading
- increases toughness/energy absorption capacity
- improves concrete durability

## Economic Advantages

- minimizes labour cost
- eliminates need for time-consuming manual steel placement and handling of reinforcement
- in-place cost is up to 50% less than mesh reinforced shotcrete
- provides increased ultimate load-bearing capacity which allows reduction of concrete section

## Application

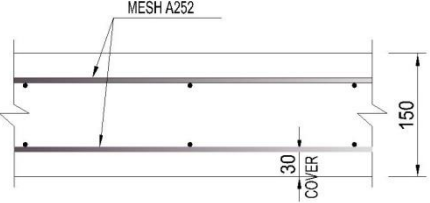
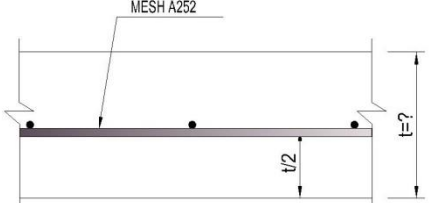
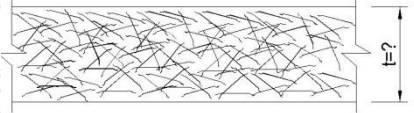
- support of underground openings in tunnels and mines
- rock slope stabilization and support of excavated foundation in combination with soil anchors
- construction of vertical retaining walls in combination with anchoring to basement walls
- concrete repairs



**Substantial Daily  
Manufacturing Capacity**

# Comparative Design for Steel Fiber Reinforced Shotcrete vs Single and Double Mesh Reinforced Shotcrete

Design comparison to achieve same ultimate bending moment capacity

Double Mesh Reinforced Shotcrete	Single Mesh Reinforced Shotcrete	Steel Fiber Reinforced Shotcrete
		
$M_u = 0.9 \cdot d \cdot A_s \cdot f_y$ – ultimate moment d – slab thickness a – cover to steel $A_s$ – area of steel $f_y$ – characteristic steel strength for $t = 150\text{mm}$ $d = 150 - 30 - 8 = 112\text{mm}$ $A_s = 252\text{mm}^2/\text{m}'$ $f_y = 460\text{N/mm}^2$ $M_u = 0.9 \cdot 112 \cdot 252 \cdot 460 / 1e6$ <p style="text-align: center;"><b><math>M_u = 11.7\text{kNm/m}'</math></b></p>	$M_u = 0.9 \cdot t/2 \cdot A_s \cdot f_y$ for $M_u = 11.7\text{kNm/m}'$ $A_s = 252\text{mm}^2/\text{m}'$ $t = 2 \cdot M_u / [0.9 \cdot A_s \cdot f_y]$ $t = 2 \cdot 11.7e6 / [0.9 \cdot 252 \cdot 460]$ <p style="text-align: center;"><b><math>t = 225\text{mm}</math></b></p>	Spajic fiber ZSN 0.55x35 Dosage $50\text{kg/m}^3$ $R_{e,3} = 84$ Concrete class C35/45 $f_{ck} = 35\text{ N/mm}^2$ $f_{ctm,fl} = 5.1\text{ N/mm}^2$ $f_{e,3} = R_{e,3} \cdot f_{ctm,fl}$ – residual flexural strength $f_{e,3} = 84 / 100 \cdot 5.1 = 4.28\text{ N/mm}^2$ $\gamma_m = 1.0$ – material safety factor $M_u = [f_{e,3} / \gamma_m] \cdot 1000 \cdot t^2 / 6$ $t = \sqrt{[6 \cdot \gamma_m \cdot M_u / (1000 \cdot f_{e,3})]}$ <p style="text-align: center;"><b><math>t = 130\text{mm}</math></b></p>
<p><u>Material usage</u></p> Concrete volume $0.15\text{m}^3/\text{m}^2$ Steel $7.9\text{ kg/m}^2$ ( $53\text{ kg/m}^3$ )	<p><u>Material usage</u></p> Concrete volume $0.225\text{m}^3/\text{m}^2$ Steel $4.0\text{ kg/m}^2$ ( $18\text{ kg/m}^3$ )	<p><u>Material usage</u></p> Concrete volume $0.13\text{m}^3/\text{m}^2$ Steel fiber $6.5\text{ kg/m}^2$ ( $50\text{ kg/m}^3$ )
<p><u>Main features</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• difficult, time-consuming, costly and often hazardous installation of reinforcing mesh in tunnels</li> <li>• high shotcrete consumption due to irregular rock/soil surface and filling of voids/cavities</li> </ul>	<p><u>Main features</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• difficult, time-consuming, costly and often hazardous installation of reinforcing mesh in tunnels</li> <li>• high shotcrete consumption due to irregular rock/soil surface and filling of voids/cavities</li> <li>• concrete section prone to cracking</li> </ul>	<p><u>Main features</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• crack-free concrete</li> <li>• rapid construction</li> <li>• ductal, tough and shock-resistant concrete section</li> <li>• in-place costs are up to 50% less than mesh reinforced shotcrete although SFRC per m3 is more expensive.</li> </ul>



**Detailed Design to  
TR63, ACI544, FIB, RILEM  
Eurocode EN 192-1-1:2005-11**





## Compliance

- Conforms to EC-EN14889-1, Type 1 cold drawn wire

## Certificates



## Dosing and dispensing equipment

- High capacity heavy duty automatic dosing machine



## Packaging

- Store in dry area. Do not stack pallets on top of each other.
- Pallets wrapped in plastic film.



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Technical assistance on selection of fiber type and dosage to meet project performance criteria.